

THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.

VOLUME XXXI.

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL

It is encouraging to meet from time to time with the pleasing features of old friends from Tennessee who have been cut off from us since last summer. We trust their return will bring back many more and better relations.

John Deasby, drunk and abuse of his family.

H. C. Whitake, drunk and disorderly. Discharged.

The PULITZER AND PARTRIDGE.—The Ne-

ville Union says the following concerning the

city, Dr. R. C. H. Hill, of the First Baptist

Church; Rev. C. D. Elliott, of the Fane School;

Dr. Sabon, of the Methodist Church; and Rev.

Mr. Ford, of the Baptist Church, were summoned

to attend the Governor's room at the Capitol last

Tuesday morning. These gentlemen have the

reputation of not being as loyal as they should

be, and of scattering the treasurers of treason

amongst their flocks. Instead of inculcating the

precepts of the Prince of Peace, and the Governor

very rightly feeling a deep solicitude that

men holding a position of so much dignity

and influence as the pulpit should be *loyal*

as well as pious, or rather considering the

existence of piety and treason in the same

hands, it is incomprehensible.

Deasby and his wife, with their six children,

left the state on the 2d of June.

He had such a strong sense of duty that he

was anxious to return to the south.

He was asked that further time be given them to consider the matter, and therefore was confined

until Thursday, on which day the above named

ministers were in attendance, accompanied by Dr.

J. T. Kandick, of the First Presbyterian Church,

and Rev. W. D. F. Sawrie, of the Methodist

Church. Dr. Hall and Ford, of the Medical

Faculty, were also present on summons. The

Governor conversed for some time with much

point and earnestness to his audience. He told

them that the Government had guaranteed to him

religious liberty and the right to worship God according to the dictates of their consciences.

It was a privilege enjoyed in no other land. They

were highly and peculiarly favored above their

brethren. The Government had given them ample protection. But the time had come when

the kind and liberal Government was compelled

by its traitors to fight for its existence, and it must

know that its friends and others who fought for

it were rebels and disloyalists to occupy a position

which offered so many opportunities for mischief

to corrupt and designating me, as the culprit in

the hands of men who followed the footsteps of their Divine Master it was a school of virtue, but

in the hands of leeches it was a den of pollution and vice.

At the urgent request of the clergy, we gave them a few days for further deliberation.

REBELLIONARY FRACASSENGERS IN VENEZUELA.

By way of Havana we have news of an attempted capture of Leguana, Venezuela, on the 16th inst., by a party of rebels who are there denominational federalists. The insurrection was begun by a part of the garrison, who released and armed all the prisoners in the common jail. They seized several loyal officers, and attempted, with their whole force—two hundred men—to get possession of the barracks, which were bravely defended by only twenty soldiers. In this attempt the insurgents lost five killed and a number wounded, and were obliged to retire. A similar rising was to have taken place at Caracas on the same day; but the courage of the leaders failed, and nothing was done. Prompt measures were taken by the government of Gen. Paz, who issued a proclamation to the people, telling them to keep quiet and not be alarmed. The Lagunayos insurgents left that city, and have probably before now been captured or dispersed.

Gen. Miramon, ex-President of the Mexican Confederation, has just arrived in Paris with his family.

MEXICAN AFFAIRS.—By the steamship Britian

arrived in New York, we have dates from Havana to June 7.

Through several arrivals from Vera Cruz we have learned that had confirmed and recognized the right of the French army (to say it themselves), on the 5th ult., near Puebla. Alamo, who has occupied (or nearly so) the ranch of San Juan, and the ranch of San Jose, &c., also pacified Laredo, so that there would be no resistance in Tlaxcala, and that there would be no resistance in Puebla, and that the general ratification of the Mexican army.

The French, however, were disappointed in their expectations, and as was to be expected, the opposite on the Mexican side, more numerous and available than ever. A call for 3,000 men was issued, and the Mexican army, under Gen. Ortega, with 2,000 more from Guanajuato, were expected to arrive in the capital. The forces of Gen. Zaragoza are still on the march, and are incorporated with them, and are moving daily.

Some time ago Zaragoza despatched Marquez and placed him in his stead, owing, however, to the French, who furnished him money, with which he bought most of the rest, and then assumed command. Marquez, General Conde, General Valdez, and others, who are sent as prisoners to Vera Cruz, and shipped off in the English mail steamer Trent. On the 18th inst., with the French force, they were overpowered, and took the body of the right, and at least one was lying in the hospital at Vera Cruz, not expected to live.

The commandant of Vera Cruz, General La Luz, a Chilpancingo, was obliged to retreat. He burned the bridge, and destroyed some of the fortifications, though he was leaving. So that when the French left, and the Spanish came to take their place, they were soon cut off, unless the French retreat to Vera Cruz.

If they do the black vomit will stay with them two hundred soldiers and six hundred horses under General Donay, lately arrived. These were to start on the 2d instant for Oriente, with provisions for Laredo, which are very much needed.

The reactionary party in Mexico is now confined alone to Alfonso and Marquez, who with the help of the French, and as was to be expected, the French, who furnished him money, with which he bought most of the rest, and then assumed command. Marquez, General Conde, General Valdez, and others, who are sent as prisoners to Vera Cruz, and shipped off in the English mail steamer Trent. On the 18th inst., with the French force, they were overpowered, and took the body of the right, and at least one was lying in the hospital at Vera Cruz, not expected to live.

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